Black Bears in Sudbury

Presentation to
City of Greater Sudbury
Policy Committee
April 21, 2010

Bears in Ontario

- Live primarily in forested areas and are found throughout most of Ontario
- Large, powerful animals.
- Female bears have their first cubs when they are between five and seven years old; do not produce cubs every year.
- Sows stay with their cubs throughout their year
 of birth and until the following spring

Black Bears in Ontario

Black bears:

- are an important part of our ecosystem
- are highly intelligent, powerful and potentially dangerous.
- usually avoid and fear humans
- are opportunistic omnivores; will eat just about anything people will eat
- will also eat food waste created by humans.

Hibernation

 Black bears hibernate for about six months. In this time, they do not eat or drink

- Most black bears in northern Ontario move into their winter dens by mid-October.
- In most years black bears in northern Ontario emerge from their dens between mid-April and early May.

Food

- Bears feed from mid-April to late fall
- From the time bears come out of hibernation until berry crops are available, bears live off their stored fat and the limited energy provided by fresh spring greens
- Black bears are selective feeders and prefer foods that are accessible, high in energy and easy to digest.
- In late summer and early fall some bears actively feed for 20 hours a day, ingesting as much as 20,000 calories
- Bears need to fatten up so they can survive winter hibernation and in the case of females, produce and feed young.

Human-Bear Conflicts

- If natural foods are not readily available, bears will look for other food sources – whatever is easily accessible
- Once bears learn where to find and access a nonnatural food source, they will return again and again
- The objective of the Bear Wise Program is to work with Ontario communities to improve safety by denying bears access to food sources associated with human occupancy.

Attractants

Garbage

Bird/Pet food

Fruits/Vegetables/Compost

Smells

Issues for the City of Sudbury

Geographic Area

Spreading urbanization / new subdivisions in rural areas

Greening of the municipality

"Not My Responsibility" attitude by some residents





Geographic Area

- One of the largest municipalities in the country
- Diverse topography with large areas that remain rural and remote
- Many areas within the central core provide good habitat options as well as travel corridors across the city
- Acidic soils support excellent food crops (blueberries)

Urbanization / New subdivisions

- Formerly rural areas now being developed as subdivisions
- Bears being pushed from traditional habitat by new development
- During construction, subdivisions often become a source of food as a result of food remnants left about by construction crews
- New residents do not expect to share land base with bears

Greening of the Municipality

 Environmental Improvements benefit residents as well as the wildlife that share the land base

 Improved habitat across the community (Junction Creek, Lily Creek, green spaces, Conservation Areas) supports a variety of wildlife, including bears

"Not My Responsibility"

Every resident has an obligation to themselves, their family, their neighbours and their community to realize that discouraging nuisance animals, including bears, is everyone's responsibility

 Education is a key to reducing human bear conflict issues in the municipality

Public Education

- Remove attractants from property
- Encourage and support neighbours to keep their property clean
- Require landlords to maintain rental properties for the health and safety of the building/complex residents as well as the surrounding neighbourhood.
- Inform residents of what to do in the event there is a bear on their property

What Can the City Do?

Recognize that bears are drawn into communities by such things as garbage, food left out for birds and other animals, barbeques that are not cleaned after use and fruit trees.

- Implement and enforce residential garbage by-laws.
- When problem areas are identified, implement plans to address them.

What Can the City Do?

- Install bear-resistant containers at landfills, transfer stations and in parks and recreational areas.
- Improve landfills to keep bears and people away.
- Provide black bear information in mailings to residents and in community centres, libraries, etc.

Working With MNR

- Continue to work with MNR to address issues
- Excellent partnership with the Sudbury Regional Police to address emergency situations
- Continue to utilize community funding opportunities through the Bear Wise Program with Solid Waste and Parks and Recreation
- Provide educational materials for the community

Contacts

Provincial Bear Reporting Line

1-866-514-2327

- In case of immediate emergency911
- Sudbury District Office (ask for Bear Tech)
 564-7823
- Beth Litchfield, Sudbury Area Supervisor
 564-7853