Uptown Sudbury Community Action Network (CAN) Réseau d'action communautaire (RAC) de la Haute-ville de Sudbury



Designation of École Saint-Louis-de-Gonzague Building

Presentation to the City of Greater Sudbury Council of November 10, 2020

This document was prepared by Dr Izabel Amaral and Mme Cortney St-Jean, members of Uptown Sudbury CAN. Sudbury, November 6, 2020

Uptown Community Members

Mme. Cortney St-Jean, MA

- Chair of the Uptown Sudbury CAN (2018.11 to present)
- Archaeologist and Sessional Professor at Laurentian University's School of the Environment

Dr. Izabel Amaral, Ph.D.

- Member of the Heritage Sub-Committee for the Uptown Sudbury CAN (2019.10 to present)
- Professor at Laurentian University's McEwen School of Architecture

Other Heritage Sub-Committee Members

Mr. Ted Wilson

-Architect and Professor at Laurentian University's McEwen School of Architecture

Dr. Terrance Galvin, Ph.D., MRAIC

-Architect, Professor and Founding Director of the McEwen School of Architecture

Mr. Chris Gervais

-Systems Administrator, IT

Dr. Donald Dennie

- Retired Professor and Former Dean at Laurentian University (Sociology)

"We in Sudbury have a long and sad history of tearing down our historic buildings only to build a lesser representation of who we were and are in its place. Here is an opportunity to change that."

"We don't have very many buildings still standing that are of historical significance in Greater Sudbury. We need to preserve the ones that are still left."

"It would be sacrilegious to not preserve it as a historical building. The City of Sudbury does not have an envious record of preserving historical buildings of note. Here is a chance to start."

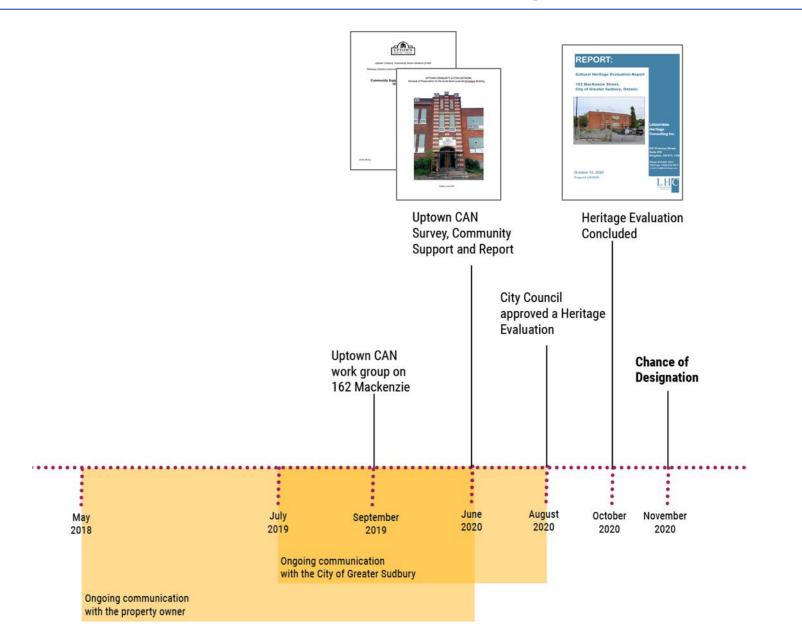
"These are the buildings that give neighbourhoods their reason for being."1

"It helps anchor the francophone community still living in this neighbourhood today (close to half of my neighbours on Patterson, Landsdowne, College and Baker live in French)."

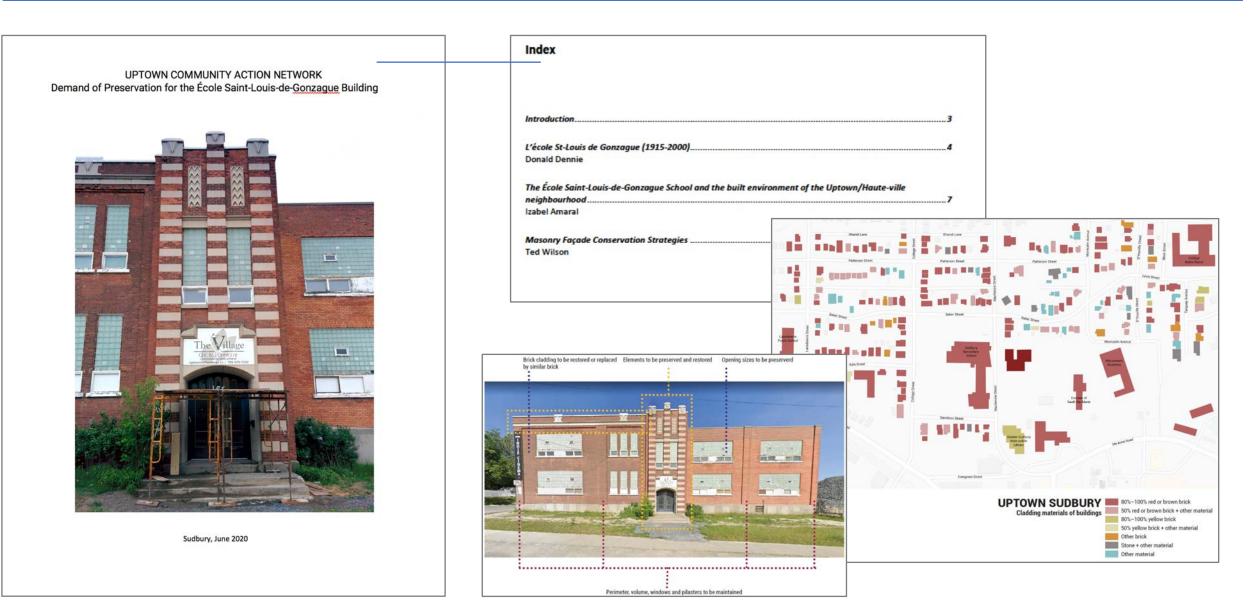
"I think that every effort should be made to preserve and restore the building, and that it is possible to simultaneously modify it slightly to suit its role."

"This is Sudbury's Cabbagetown. Let's treat it that way."2

Timeline of Actions for Uptown CAN



Summary of Uptown CAN's Demand of Preservation



Sudbury Master Plan – Vision for the Entry of Uptown Area



Urban design concepts for the corner of Mackenzie and Ste-Anne road in the *Downtown Sudbury Master Plan* (2012). It includes new buildings, vegetation along sidewalks and parking spaces are located behind buildings.

Historical Attributes of 162 Mackenzie





1) The building is the physical symbol of Sudbury's community resistance and defiant action against the discriminatory regulation (17) that did not allow education in French in our province when it was open (1915). It is a culturally and historically significant chapter in Sudbury's history.

2) The architecture is ornamental and highly decorative for our city and northern Ontario. This is a rare building.

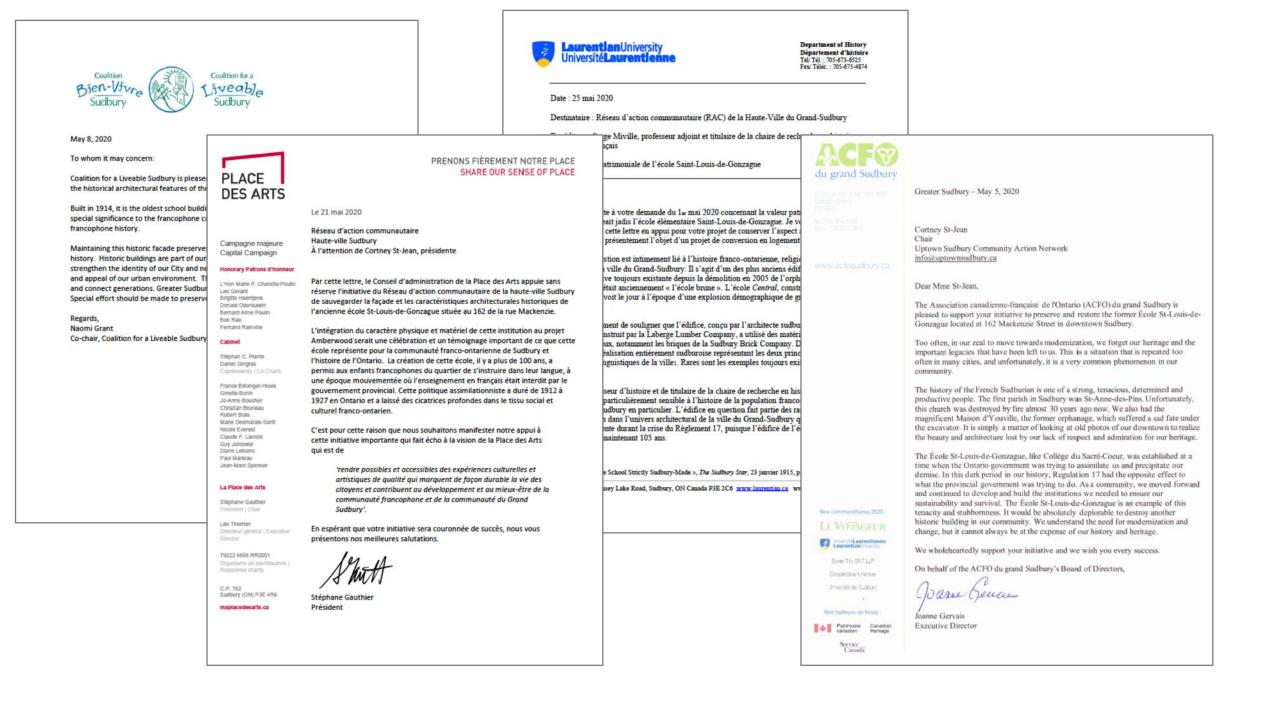
3) The building has been a key feature of Uptown for 105 years.

4) The building's importance and significance to Sudbury's story goes beyond one owner or another redevelopment

5) The building's exterior is deteriorating before our community's eyes and requires immediate action

Summary of CAN's Community and Institutional Support

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	Place des Arts
	Place des Arts (English Translation)
Uptown Sudbury Community Action Network (CAN)	Coalition for a Liveable Sudbury
Réseaux d'action communautaire (RAC) de la Haute-ville Sudbury	Serge Miville, Franco-Ontarian History Research Chair Serge Miville, Franco-Ontarian History Research Chair (English Translation)
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	Réseau du patrimoine franco-ontarien
	Réseau du patrimoine franco-ontarien (English Translation)
	Conseil Scolaire Catholique Nouvel Ontario
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Le 10 juillet 2020

Mme Courtney St-Jean Présidente Réseau d'action communautaire de la haute info@uptownsudbury.ca

> Objet : Appui au projet de préserva École Saint-Louis-de-Gor

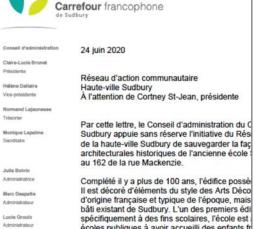
Madame St-Jean.

Dans ces temps où nous déboulonnons les sy de-Gonzague fait figure de monument de rés soit durant le Règlement 17 qui interdisait l' école faisait fi des volontés assimilatrices du et d'enseigner en français aux petits françopl accueillait aussi les élèves anglophones afin d'endroits dans la région peuvent se vanter d groupes linguistiques.

Il est important de reconnaître que nos école sans âmes. Elles sont la source de nos réussi beaucoup à l'éducation de ses citoyens et cit de générations de parents, travailleurs et trav grands Sudburois et grandes Sudburoises on et au sens de communauté instillés par l'écol

Marie Nteganda

Administratrice



écoles publiques à avoir accueilli des enfants fr dans la ville de Sudbury, à une époque où l'édu financée par le gouvernement provincial. En eff gouvernement de l'Ontario ne finançait pas les mais il a interdit l'enseignement en français ent Sudbury, on a débuté la construction de cet édi francophones, en même temps que le gouverne l'enseignement dans leur langue!

L'ancienne École St-Louis-de-Gonzague est sit terrain ayant été cédée originalement au Canad côté d'une parcelle cédée à la Société de Jésus regroupé la majorité des institutions francophon

Paroisse Ste-Anne-des-Pins, l'Orphelinat d'Youville et tant d'autres. Cette école a donc été un lieu de grande importance pour la survie et la pérennité de la communauté canadienne-francaise de Sudbury et bon nombre de leaders canadiens-français y sont allés, ainsi que certaines personnes de renommée internationale, dont Alex Trebek.

La mission du Carrefour francophone est : « Assurer la vitalité et la transmission de notre culture et de notre langue françaises. » À notre avis, le

> 14, rue Beech | Sudbury (Ontario) P3C 1Z2 | 705.675.6493 Info@carrefour.ca | www.carrefour.ca

info@uptownsudbury.ca

Mme St-Jean.

Lisette Mallet

Présidente

info@sht.ca

Téléphone : 613.729.5769 Réseau du Site Web : www.mes-racines.ca 435, rue Donald, Unité 336 patrimoine Toronto, ON Ottawa (Ontario) K1K 4X5 21 juillet 2020 franco-ontarien Ottawa, le 7 juillet 2020 Mme Courtney St-Jean, Présidente Réseau d'action communautaire de la haute ville de Sudbury Mme Courtney St-Jean, Présidente Réseau d'action communautaire de la haute ville de Sudbury info@uptownsudbury.ca Objet : Appui au projet de préservation et de restauration auration de l'ancienne École Saint-Louis-de-Gonzagues située à Sud udbury NOUVELON sion du passé, l'école Saint-Dans ces temps où nous déboulonnons les symboles d'oppression Le 10 juillet 2020 re la discrimination. Construite de-Gonzague fait figure de monument de résistance contre la disc ent en français dans la 1915, soit durant le Règlement 17 qui interdisait l'enseignement (Mme Courtney St-Jean uvernement provincial en cette école faisait fi des volontés assimilatrices du gouvernement Présidente cophones de la d'accueillir et d'enseigner en français aux petits francophones de Réseau d'action communautaire de la haute ville de Sudbury lèves anglophones afin de voir à même école accueillait aussi les élèves anglophones afin de voir a on peuvent se vanter d'être de info@uptownsudbury.ca académique. Peu d'endroits dans la région peuvent se vanter d'él d'union entre les deux groupes linguistiques. Objet : Appui au projet de préservation et de restauration de l'École Saint-Louis de Gonzague es, sont bien plus que des entes et futures. Toutes les Trop souvent les lieux historiques de la francophonie ontarienne Mme St-Jean, yennes et Sudbury n'y fait pas des lieux de mémoire. Il est important de reconnaître que les con ravailleuses, bénévoles, batailler pour l'ouverture de presque chaque école en Ontario fran Dans ces temps où nous voyons plusieurs édifices patrimoniaux et historiques du Grand Sudbury udburoises ont fait avancer notre lieux historiques. L'École Saint-Louis-De-Gonzague à Sudbury disparaitre, l'ancienne école Saint-Louis-de-Gonzague risque elle aussi de s'effacer de notre paysage urbain. stillés par l'école Saint-Louis-de-Nombre de générations de parents, travailleurs et travailleuses, be Construite en 1915 durant les années du Règlement 17 qui interdisait l'enseignement en français en leaders, grands Sudburois et grandes Sudburoises ont fait avancer Ontario, cette école offrait une éducation catholique de langue française à la communauté canadiennel'éducation et au sens de communauté instillés par l'école Saint-I appui sans réserve les efforts française de Sudbury. l'ancienne École Saint-Louis-C'est pourquoi la Société d'histoire de Toronto décide d'appuyer Pendant près 90 ans, des milliers d'élèves ont pu ainsi recevoir une éducation catholique de langue communauté afin de préserver le caractère patrimonial de l'anciel française dans ses salles de classe. Un grand nombre de citoyens ont fait avancer notre communauté grâce du patrimoine franco-ontarien. Gonzague située au 162 rue Mackenzie à Sudbury. à l'éducation et aux valeurs promues par l'école Saint-Louis de Gonzague. Je vous remercie d'avance de vos efforts de préservation du patri En raison de l'importance de ses contributions historiques au sein de la communauté francophone et catholique de Sudbury, le Conseil scolaire catholique Nouvelon appuie sans réserve les efforts de la communauté afin de préserver le caractère patrimonial de son ancienne École Saint-Louis de Gonzague située au 162 rue Mackenzie à Sudbury. La Société d'histoire de Toronto Je vous prie de recevoir, Madame, nos meilleures salutations. Le président du CSC Nouvelon André Bidal Le directeur de l'éducation et secrétaire trésorier Paul E. Henry 201, rue Jogues, Sudbury ON P3C 5L7 705 673-5626 1 800 259-5567 NOUVELON.CA 000

Summary of CAN's Community and Institutional Support

Wayne & Paula Fraser

Hi Cortney, this email is to support your very worthwhile cause of saving the façade of one of our more historic Sudbury buildings. Too many beautiful historic buildings in the Sudbury downtown area have been torn down over the years which we have always regretted. The Old Post office at the corner of Elm in the past that we regret. We absolutely need to keep some of our Sudbury heritage,

Thank you for all your hard work in this endeavour,

Sincerely,

Wayne & Paula Fraser 223 Montcalm Ave Sudbury, ON 705-562-2611

Nancy Daoust

Dear Mr. DiPietro,

I recently moved into the Uptown area and live on D'Youville Street. My family and I love the neighbourhood for many reasons, in particular its beautiful and unique architecture.

It's important to preserve our city's historical buildings, particularly those that showcase our diversity. One sixty two Mackenzie is one of those buildings. It is significant to our Francophone community and is the oldest school in Greater Sudbury. It would be a great loss to our community to loose this beautiful building.

It is great to see new development in our neighbourhood, that continues to improve Uptown as well as the city of Sudbury. Please ensure that your company maintains the original facade of 162 Mackenzie into your design. It would be a wonderful combination of old and new, and most importantly keep our city's history intact.

Sincerely,

Nancy Daoust

Sheila Kelly-Petrin & Gary Petrin

May 8, 2020

Cortney St-Jean,

Chair, Uptown Sudbury Community Action Network

I am writing to you on behalf of my husband Gary Petrin and myself to express our concern about the property at 162 Mackenzie Street. We understand the Uptown CAN is working towards ensuring that the facade of this Sudbury historic landmark is preserved by the property developer, Autumnwood Group Inc., as they construct a new building complex next to it. We fully support this initiative!

We have owned our home at the corner of Patterson and Montcalm Streets for thirty-two years and have passed the former St.Louis de Gonzague school almost every day during that time. It's historic importance is significant as one of the oldest remaining schools and the facade speaks to this, in particular the separate entrances on the south side of the building which date back to a time when boys and girls were segregated.

We have all seen far too many of our downtown historic buildings demolished. By respecting the history of this building, this developer has a chance to demonstrate their community commitment, something that can only shine a very positive light on this project and this developer.

Please feel free to forward this email to any interest party, and do not hesitate to contact us.

With best regards,

Sheila Kelly-Petrin, Gary Petrin 2 Patterson Street, Sudbury ON P3C 2J1

Serge Dupuis, Historian

On tend parfois à dévaloriser le patrimoine bâti, à démolir en fonction de logiques économiques qui nous coupent des racines qui nous permettent d'imaginer l'avenir en connaissance de cause.

Les vestiges du passé nous fournissent l'humilité pour reconnaître le chemin parcouru, les joies, les succès, les défis et les souffrances de nos ancêtres qui nous ont légué un présent, qu'il nous incombe à forger à notre tour.

L'École Saint-Louis-de-Gonzague, ouverte en 1915 et fermée en 1999, est justement un témoin et un acteur de plusieurs époques dans l'histoire de l'éducation franco-ontarienne.

Les commissaires canadiens-français à la Commission scolaire séparée de Sudbury l'ouvrent dans une volonté de résistance passive devant le Règlement 17 (1912-1927), qui interdit l'enseignement en français dans les écoles de la province de l'Ontario.

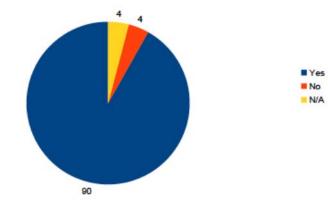
Tandis qu'à Ottawa, on pratique une désobéissance civile qui mène à la suspension des subventions provinciales des écoles franco-catholiques de la capitale, les Franco-Sudburois choisissent plutôt d'« obéir » à la directive en enseignant en anglais aux enfants pendant que les inspecteurs passent, mais en ignorant la directive lorsqu'ils n'y sont pas.

Alors que les élèves catholiques (canadiens-français, irlandais et italiens) se retrouvent dans une même école au centre-ville jusque-là, les commissaires canadiens-français (qui forment les deux tiers des élus à l'époque) décident de fonder une école, qui obéira formellement au Règlement 17, mais qui sera de facto une école strictement pour les élèves canadiens-français et qui enseignera en français.

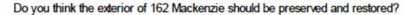
Avec le Collège du Sacré-Coeur, qui vient d'être fondé par les Jésuites en 1913, c'est le début des écoles de langue française à Sudbury. Saint-Louis-de-Gonzague formera des milliers de jeunes canadiens-français et traversera toutes les époques en redevenant officiellement une école bilingue, à compter de 1927, une école pleinement française en 1963, et une nourricière des écoles secondaires de langue française qui ouvrent dans la ville — Collège Notre-Dame en 1948, École secondaires de langue française qui ouvrent dans la ville — Collège Notre-Dame en 1948, I cole secondaire Macdonald-Cartier en 1969, École secondaire catholique Héritage en 1987. En 1998, les francophones obtiennent la gestion scolaire, c'est-à-dire des conseils scolaires de langue française dans la province. C'est le nouveau Conseil scolaire de district catholique du Nouvel-Ontario qui prend la décision pénible, à cause d'un déclin des inscriptions au centre-ville, de fermer l'établissement à l'été de 1999.

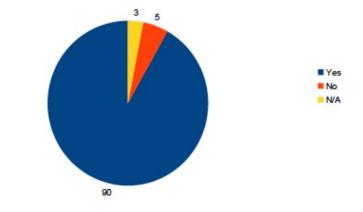
L'École Saint-Louis-de-Gonzague, premier établissement scolaire de langue française à Sudbury, mériterait d'être préservée d'une manière quelconque et pas oubliée comme testament de l'histoire franco-sudburoise et franco-ontarienne.

Uptown CAN Survey Results on 162 Mackenzie

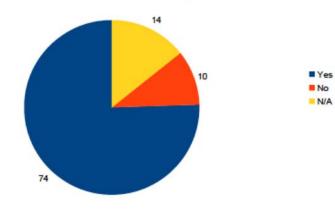


Do you think the red brick facade should be preserved and restored?

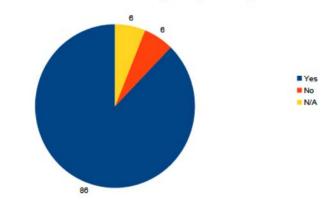




Do you think these three entrances should be preserved and restored?



Do you think 162 Mackenzie should be listed/designated by the Heritage Committee?



Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report Acquired by the City of Greater Sudbury

REPORT:

Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report

162 MacKenzie Street, City of Greater Sudbury, Ontario



Letourneau Heritage Consulting Inc.

> 837 Princess Street Suite 400 Kingston, ON K7L 1G8

> Phone: 613-507-7817 Toll Free: 1-833-210-7817 E-mail: info@lhcheritage.com



162 Mackenzie was "evaluated against Ontario Regulation 9/06 (O. Reg 9/06) Criteria for Determining Cultural Heritage Value or Interest".

"Based upon the research, existing conditions, and evaluation, LHC finds that the Subject Property known as 162 MacKenzie Street meets five criteria for designation under O. Reg. 9/06. As such, it is eligible for designation under Part IV, Section 29 of the Ontario Heritage Act (OHA)."²

^{2.} Letourneau Heritage Consulting Inc. *Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report, 162 Mackenzie Street, City of Greater Sudbury, Ontario.* Kingston, ON, October 15, 2020. P. iv

October 15, 2020 Project # LHC0220

Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report Acquired by the City of Greater Sudbury

8.2.3 Summary of Cultural Heritage Value or Interest

The Subject Property known as 162 MacKenzie Street has cultural heritage value or interest for its physical/design values, its historical/associative values, and its contextual values.

162 MacKenzie Street has design value or physical value because it is a unique and early example of an evolved vernacular school building that exhibits the influences of various styles including Collegiate Gothic and Art Deco architecture. 162 MacKenzie Street also appears to be the third oldest surviving school building in Sudbury.

162 MacKenzie Street has historical or associative value because it has direct associations with the theme, activity, and institution of education in Sudbury – specifically, French-language education of the Sudbury Francophone community. The former school is an example of separate billingual Catholic Francophone education and the coordinated efforts of Anglophone and Francophone School Board members to defy Regulation 17. The former school also contributed to the repeal of Regulation 17 through the 1927 Royal Commission Inquiry which used the Sudbury Separate Board as an example of positive killingual instruction. Operating from 1915 to its closure in 2000, 162 MacKenzie Street is directly associated with the events of Regulation 17 and the teaching of French and English language in the community.

162 MacKenzie Street has historical or associative value as it demonstrates the work of architect P.J. O'Gorman who was significant to the creation of institutional buildings, such as schools, churches, and commercial structures, in Sudkury and Northern Ontario. Many of O'Gorman's works are still present in Sudkury and Timmins, Ontario. St. Louis de Gonzague was one of O'Gorman's earliest institutional buildings constructed in Sudkury and appears to have been the first in a series of educational (as well as other institutional, ecclesiastic, and commercial) buildings designed over a prolific career.

162 MacKenzie Street has contextual value because it is important is defining, maintaining, and supporting the character of the area. The area, defined as the Institutional Block, has a mixture of residential, commercial, and institutional buildings. These buildings include churches, schools, and public/government buildings. Eight schools and six public/government buildings are currently within this block. A higher concentration of these structures reinforces this area as an Institutional Block. The Institutional Block, located in the centre of Sudbury, fulfilled the needs of the community by providing educational, religious, leisure, and governmental needs.

162 MacKenzie Street also has contextual value because it is physically, visually, and historically linked to the Institutional Block. The Institutional Block is defined by its multiple schools and public and government buildings, including 162 MacKenzie Street. The overall relationship of the buildings on this Block reinforces these links.

8.2.4 Heritage Attributes

Heritage attributes that illustrate the cultural heritage value or interest of 162 MacKenzie Street lie in the 20th century brick school building, previously known as St. Louis de Gonzague, including:

- Its location, orientation, and scale and massing;
- Monochromatic brickwork;
- Art Deco-influenced parapet;
- Twin entrances located on the south elevation;
- Tower entrance located on the west elevation;
- · The locations and configuration of large window openings; and,
- Views of the double entrance on the southern elevation from the property boundary along MacKenzie Street.

Letourneau Heritage Consulting Inc.

Project #LHC0220

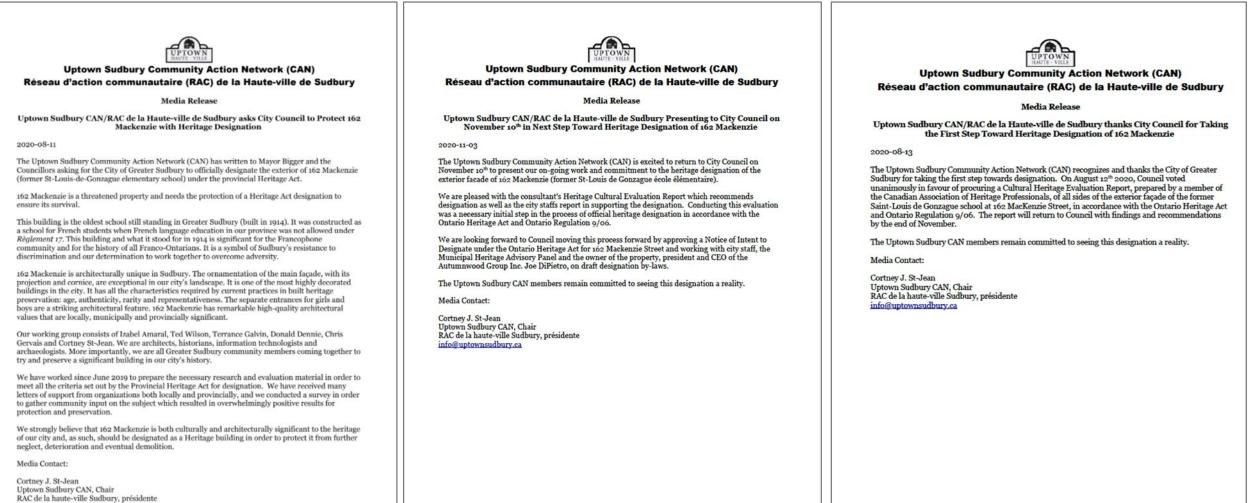
9 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based upon the research, existing conditions, and evaluation, LHC finds that the Subject Property known as 162 MacKenzie Street meets five criteria for designation under O. Reg. 9/06. As such, it is eligible for designation under Part IV, Section 29 of the OHA.

Letourneau Heritage Consulting Inc. *Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report, 162 Mackenzie Street, City of Greater Sudbury, Ontario.* Kingston, ON, October 15, 2020. P. 63, 64

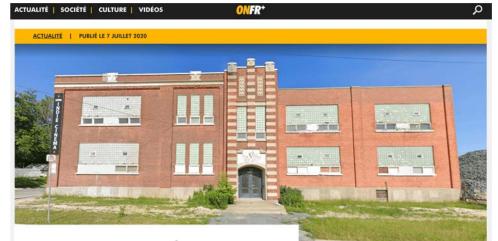
Press Releases by Uptown CAN on 162 Mackenzie

Press releases sent to more than 150 community households, and all local media outlets



info@uptownsudbury.ca

Media Interest in the 162 Mackenzie Building



UN VESTIGE DU RÈGLEMENT XVII : LA PRÉSERVATION DE LA PLUS ANCIENNE ÉCOLE FRANCO-SUDBUROISE

Temps de lecture : 3 minutes

SUDBURY – Il y a longtemps qu'il n'y a plus de cours dans le bâtiment du 162, rue Mackenzie. Il y a de ça plus d'un siècle que la première école francophone de Sudbury, l'École Saint-Louis-de-Gonzague, a vu jour à cette adresse. Aujourd'hui, le Réseau d'action communautaire (RAC) de la Haute-Ville de Sudbury espère protéger cet édifice riche d'histoire.

Les plans de transformer l'immeuble en condo n'ont jamais abouti. En février 2019, le Sudbury Indie Cinema s'y est installé, mais la majorité du bâtiment demeure inutilisée.

Cependant, à la surprise de plusieurs, le bâtiment ne figure pas sur la liste des lieux patrimoniaux du Grand Sudbury. C'est précisément ce que le RAC souhaite changer.

« Nous avons lancé un sondage aux résidents du quartier », raconte Izabel Amaral, membre du RAC et professeure à l'École d'architecture McEwen. « On s'est rendu compte que la population s'intéresse à ce bâtiment et apprécie son histoire. Les résultats du sondage indiquent que la communauté souhaiterait le préserver, surtout sa façade extérieure et les deux entrées séparées e et filles aui sont témains des méthodes d'a





L'ancienne École Saint-Louis-de-

Gonzague. Crédit image : Google Street



A la une Parcourir Émissions Horaire Livres audio Balados Où nous écouter Téléchargez l'application Accueil Rattrapage Notre sélection Nous joindre À propos L'importance de préserver une école du règlement 17

Publié le 13 août 2020 Rattrapage du jeudi 13 août 2020

ci 🍈 première

08 h 21 Première étape pour la préservation de l'école St-Louis-de-Gonzague à Sudbury 8.22



L'école St-Louis-de-Gonzague a été construite en 1914 PHOTO: CBC/MEGAN THOP

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Le conseil municipal a adopté une motion hier soir pour faire évaluer comme édifice patrimonial l'ancienne école élémentaire de langue française St-Louis-de-Gonzague. L'édifice historique construit en 1914 avant l'adoption par la province du Règlement 17, est la plus vieille école toujours en place à Sudbury.

L'évaluation de l'édifice est la première étape du processus de désignation. Le rapport d'évaluation est attendu vers la fin novembre.

Izabelle Amaral, professeur à l'école d'architecture McEwen et membre du Réseau d'action



Shows Contests COVID-19: UPDATES Music News Audio/Video **Events**

Efforts underway to save old Sudbury school building

CTV NEWS NORTHERN ONTARIO VIDEO JOURNALIST Ian Campbell 6:40 AM



Photo: Ian Campbell

GO 0 🛛

For many who travel through Sudbury's Uptown neighbourhood, it's just an under-utilized building that has been on Mackenzie Street as long as anyone can remember.

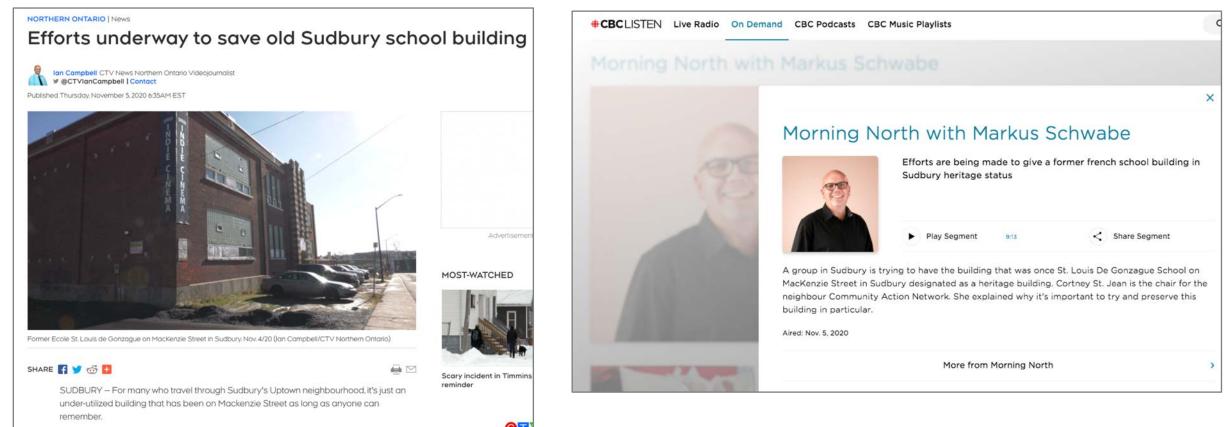
Time has taken a toll on the old Ecole St-Louis-de-Gonzague, or Central School as some knew it, but it's still standing more than 105 years later after it was built.

The building has witnessed the city's good and bad times, which is one reason why the Uptown Community Action Network (CAN) wants it preserved.

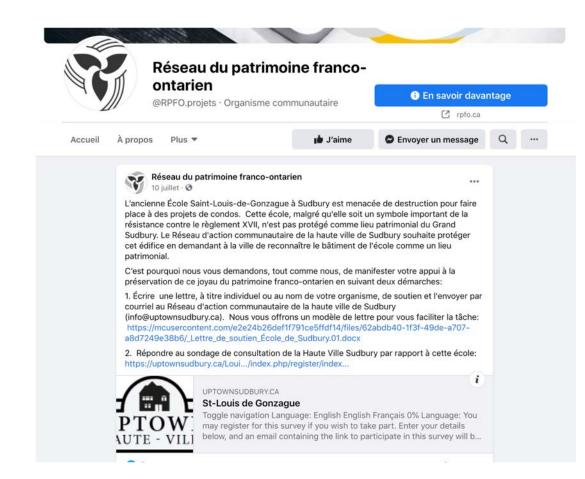


Media Interest in the 162 Mackenzie Building

●T▼NEWS



Media Interest in the 162 Mackenzie Building



SUDBURY STAR NEWS - SPORTS - ENTERTAINMENT - LIFE - MONEY OPINION - OBITUARIES MOI

Push on to save old Sudbury school Advocates want Saint-Louis de Gonzague School on Mackenzie Street declared a heritage building

	Jim	Μ	00	di	e
- 10 -					-

More from Jim Moodie

Published on: November 6, 2020 | Last Updated: November 6, 2020 4:39 AM EST



The old St. Louis de Gonzague school located on Mackenzie Street in Sudbury, Ont. JOHN LAPPA / SUDBURY STAR



Community members have been pushing for the preservation of the old Saint-Louis de Gonzague School on Mackenzie Street and many of them will be on hand Tuesday when council considers a heritage designation for the building.



"It's a big deal," said Coun. Joscelyne Landry-Altmann, whose ward includes the historic French-Catholic school. "The Uptown CAN (Community Action Network) worked really hard on this — it's been a labour of love for them — and a consultant is also recommending it be

How this Story Should not Finish

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On this property, we have already lost the following historical buildings:

- D'Youville Orphanage (38 Xavier) which was designated in 1982 and demolished in 2006
- St-Louis de Gonzague's sister school, St. Aloysius, built 1923 and demolished in 2017.

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Application made to demolish heritage building

BY RICK PUSIAK An application has been made to demolish one of Sudbury?s oldest buildings. An advertisement published last week indicates the city has received an application requesting a demolition permit for 38 Xavier St.

Mar 20, 2006 3:00 AM By: Sudbury.com Staff

BY RICK PUSIAK

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An application has been made to demolish one of Sudbury?s oldest buildings. An advertisement published last week indicates the city has received an application requesting a demolition permit for 38 Xavier St., a structure constructed in 1894 as a French Catholic separate school. L?ecole St. Louis de Gonzague was turned into an orphanage in 1929 by Father Pare and the Grey Nuns of Nicolet.

The now vacant building is owned by the Diocese of Sault Ste. Marie.

The D?Youville landmark has been designated a heritage building and as such the owners have to apply to city council for a demolition permit.

If the politicians approve the application at Tuesday night?s planning committee meeting and full council endorses the motion Thursday night there is still a 180 day freeze before demolition can proceed.

The municipality can also intervene and re-examine the matter during that period.

After six months the owner can tear down the structure as long as a building permit is issued for a new structure on the site

Diocesan financial administrator Pat Dubreuil said the decision to demolish boils down to dollars and cents.

The building is old and empty and the cost of repairs or renovations prohibitively high. The hard and cold truth is the bill for mechanical and electrical upgrades is more than the appraised value of the building.

	tures	Login Register		
80°59'52.4"W	St Louis	de Gonzague		
n 80 59 52.4 W				
Minet	Greater Sudburg	y, Ontario		
Capreol	Location Owner			
	Creation Date	Jan 02 2010		
Markstay	Status	Repurposed		
Markstay W	Category Location	Educational Greater Sudbury, Ontario		
ralden Saint Char		#1028		
Contraction of the second seco	resulted in more familie school. French families school. French families school officials began I former church was pur School officials began I school officials began I former church was pur School officially opene Student errollemet cor In 1905, continuing enr board had to request it floor of the hall was de two additional classroo had a total of ten class	bury was seeing a boom in the mining and logging industries. The boom is coming to Sudbury and an increase in the number of students attending , unhappy with ethnic division, sought to create a Catholic Separate School. why formed Catholic Separate School was officially recognized. Classes were in house and eventually moved to the church. When the church burnt down ooking for property upon which to build a new school. A lot of land behind the chased and a four-room school constructed. In January of 1895, the Brown 4.115 children attended Brown School, filling three of the four classrooms. titinued to rise and by September of 1901 all four classrooms were being used ollment led to two of the classrooms being split in half. In 1909 the school ne use of the parish's Jubilee Hall for overflow students. As a result the top signated for two classrooms. Still the students continued to enroll and in 1910 ms were created in the lower half of the Jubilee Hall. The school board now rooms. On January 17, 1894 the school board passed a motion allowing ooling exclusively in their mother language. The motion caused an imbalance		
Sudbury dbury, Ontario	in classroom size as tw classrooms were for Fr losing their heritage as purchased a plot of lan school. Central School Scollard. By 1928 Cent	o thirds of the student population spoke French yet only half of the ench speaking students. The result was that French-speaking students were the English language began to prevail. In March of 1912 the school board d from the CPR and construction began on a replacement twelve-room as it was named, opened in January of 1915 and was christened by Bishop ral School became known as St. Louis de Gonzague, named after the Jesuit		
	recommended that new was given for new scho December of 1920, one for Anglophones so tha controversial and was g students. The new Cen named St. Aloysius and	ears of opening, Central School was enrolled to its limit. Bishop Scollard v schools be built in each ward. Taxpayers were consulted and the approval ols. They included Ecole Ste. Marle, St. Albert School, and École Nolln. In e of the school board trustees suggested that a second Central School by buil at they could create their own school system. The motion was highly based by one vote. English-speaking nuns were hired to teach the English tral School for English students was opened by September of 1923. It was I contained eight classrooms. The original French school, brown, was sold by 27 and two years later began operating as the Orphelinat D(a)Youville		
		(D'Youville Orphanage). This building was demolished by the City of Sudbury. From 1930 to 1980, the French who wanted to continue their school had no school. Therefore, the Board of Sudbury		
idbury, Ontario	the French who wanted	to continue their school had no school. Therefore, the Board of Sudbury		

Considering the deterioration of the building, the designation will be the first step towards its preservation.

The designation will be a decisive action from the City Council to match the strong community and institutional engagement.

It will make an exemplary case of historic preservation in Sudbury.

First, we are extremely thankful for the support of the City Council offered in August 2020 for the first step towards the designation of 162 Mackenzie, which lead to a professional Cultural Heritage Evaluation.

We want to express here the voice of our community members, and the many institutions that support this designation.

Considering that 162 MacKenzie Street meets five criteria for designation under O. Reg. 9/06., and as such, it is eligible for designation under Part IV, Section 29 of the Ontario Heritage Act (OHA), we ask the City Council to act now and support this designation.

As a community we are looking forward to find strategies to make the building come alive and participate in the community life.