#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
1	There is a need to improve housing options across the housing continuum.	Improve and maintain the existing housing stock. Improve the accessibility of new housing and full utilization of existing housing stock.	One of the strategic objectives and goals of City Council is Housing. The goal reflects Council's desire to ensure all citizens, especially vulnerable populations, feel welcome and supported, have access to safe, affordable, and suitable housing options in the community.	One of the strategic objectives and goals of City Council is Housing. The goal reflects Council's desire to ensure all citizens, especially vulnerable populations, feel welcome and supported, have access to safe, affordable, and suitable housing options in the community.
		Increase the diversity of affordable housing options. Increase community acceptance of and provide consistent support for multi-residential housing.	 Council's goals are to: Expand affordable housing options Revitalize and improve existing housing stock Develop innovative solutions to support a range of housing choices, and Foster supportive infrastructure that encourages community housing's goals. 	 Council's goals are to: Expand affordable housing options Revitalize and improve existing housing stock Develop innovative solutions to support a range of housing choices, and Foster supportive infrastructure that encourages community housing's goals.
			Phase 1 of the five-year review of the City's Official Plan was approved by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing on April 26, 2019. A new Section has been added to the Official Plan as part of the Phase 1 amendment, which speaks to planning for an aging population.	Administering the Canada-Ontario Community Housing Initiative (COCHI) & Ontario Priorities Housing Initiative (OPHI). COCHI funding will be utilized to protect affordability for households in social housing, to support the repair and renewal of existing social housing supply, and to expand the supply of community housing over time.
			The policies help ensure that Greater Sudbury is an elder-friendly community that facilitates "aging in place" by supporting the creation of age-friendly housing options, providing accessible, affordable and	Enter into a one-year agreement with Native People of Sudbury to provide theme Rent Supplement dollars to cover costs for units that are at the end of their operating agreements.

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
			convenient public transportation; and supporting an active lifestyle for an aging population.	OPHI funding will be utilized to address local housing priorities, including affordability, repair and new construction.
			A new Section has also been added to the Official Plan as part of the Phase I amendment, which recognizes the vital role rental housing plays in the housing continuum and limits the conversion of rental units to condominium ownership. Official Plan as part of the Phase I amendment, which recognizes the vital role rental housing plays in the housing continuum and limits the conversion of rental units to condominium ownership.	Continue utilizing Asset Planner to monitor and maintain the social housing stock in Greater Sudbury. The City of Greater Sudbury supports development that is age-friendly including the creation of smaller, unique, shared and transitional housing opportunities and the creation of more affordable housing. Staff is currently evaluating options for encouraging the development of small and tiny dwellings. A report is scheduled to be
			Affordable housing projects are exempt from paying Development Charges, provided they remain affordable in perpetuity. Second units are exempt from Development Charges unless the unit is within an accessory structure or within a new residential building.	presented to City Council in the third quarter of 2020. Parking standards impact the ability to develop, in particular on smaller parcels of land. Planning Services staff are currently undertaking a review of residential parking standards to determine whether our current
			Exempting all second units from DCs will be considered by Council as part of the Development Charges Background study in 2019.	standards are consistent with recent trends and appropriate for Greater Sudbury. In 2016, the City of Greater Sudbury adopted policies that permit the
			The Social Housing Revitalization Project Phase 2 is in the Plan Development Stage of the project and will provide options for revitalization of the GSHC community housing	development of Secondary Dwelling Units, which allow for a secondary dwelling unit either within a single detached dwelling, semi-detached dwelling, street townhouse or rowhouse dwelling or within an accessory

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
#		Objectives	stock. Recommendations for revitalization include sale of scattered units at turnover, sale of scattered units to market tenants through the Home Ownership Down Payment Assistance Program, an annual contribution to the Social Housing Capital Reserve Fund, the development of both a redevelopment plan and a strategic Capital Plan, as well as continuing to work with senior levels of government to ensure that any funding available has been considered. Housing Services will complete an investment plan through the Community Housing Renewal Strategy outlining how federal and provincial funding being provided will be utilized to address the shortfalls in capital needs for the existing Urban Native Housing Programs as well as the balance of CGS's community housing portfolio through the Repair Stream. It is also being recommended that the Provincial Homeownership Down Payment Assistance funding be used to assist low income households, who are currently residing in rental units, the opportunity to become homeowners. 67% of all new dwelling units created were single detached, 33% were semi-detached, duplex, row houses and town houses and multi-residential.	structure. Since that time 75 secondary dwelling units have been created with the benefit of a building permit and are on the City's registry, with 24 created in 2019. In 2019, the Province introduced legislation requiring that municipalities allow for additional residential units, which would result in a potential total of three dwelling units on a lot containing a single detached dwelling, semi-detached dwelling, street townhouse or rowhouse dwelling – providing for one additional dwelling unit in the primary structure and one within an accessory structure. Staff intend to present proposed amendments to Planning Committee in the second quarter of 2020.

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
			Building Permits were issued for 6 multi- residential developments, resulting in 23 dwelling units.	
			CGS approved 5 extensions of temporary zoning for Garden Suites. No new applications for Garden Suites were received.	
			CGS processed 4 Site Plan applications for multi-residential development including, legalization of a six unit multi-residential building; a 12 bed congregate care home; a 6 storey, 137 unit retirement residence and a 256 bed long term care facility.	
			Building Services has established a Second Unit Registry to track second unit which are now permitted as of right, provided they meet certain criteria. 24 were registered in 2019.	
			4-5 residential units are proposed to be created in Downtown Sudbury through a per door grant available as part of the new Downtown Sudbury Community Improvement Plan (SDSCIP), which aims to address challenges facing Downtown Sudbury by using financial mechanisms (grants and loans) to reduce the cost of	
			development and redevelopment. Similarly, 3 residential units were approved and created in the town centre of	

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
			Chelmsford through a per door grant as part of the Town Centre Community Improvement Plan (TCCIP).	
2	There is a need to improve housing access and affordability for low-income households.	Improve housing access and affordability for low-income households.	Information about subsidized housing, affordable housing and housing allowance programs was communicated to low income households through CGS Social Services, Housing Services, homelessness service providers, non-profit and cooperative housing providers, and community agencies.	Approximately 60 households will receive assistance through the shared delivery of the Sudbury Housing Assistance Rent Program (SHARP). Investment in Social Infrastructure Fund (SIF) was allocated to the shared delivery of the Program. The agreement with the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.
			People who utilized the emergency shelter programs were assisted in completing applications for housing and urgent status with the CGS Housing Registry and partnerships were developed between CMHA, N'swakomok Native Friendship Centre, Homelessness Network, Ontario Works, and Housing Services to maintain communication with these applicants for housing offers.	The Canada-Ontario Housing Benefit (COHB) is a new funding program that will provide eligible households with a Portable Housing Benefit (PHB) to assist with rental costs. This benefit will be paid directly to the household and is fully portable. Unlike other forms of housing assistance, it can be used to help pay rent anywhere in Ontario. The program will be administered by Housing Services and the benefit amount will be reviewed every year by the Ministry of Finance.
			Housing Services is preparing to implement new community housing registry software to improve efficiency, and overall customer experience including an online portal to households to apply and for community housing providers to access the wait lists.	Phase I of the implementation of a new registry software system called YARDI Rent Café will be put in place with Housing Services staff and Housing Providers utilizing the system to input applications and accessing wait lists.
			63 households received assistance through the shared delivery of the Sudbury Housing	Phase II of YARDI Rent Café will be launched to allow applicants the option of submitting applications online. This will provide people

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
			Assistance Rent Program (SHARP). Investment in Affordable Housing for Ontario (IAH-E) funding was allocated to the shared delivery of the Program. The agreement with the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Municipal Affairs & Housing was renewed for an additional five (5) year term. Ministry of Municipal Affairs & Housing introduced amendments to ON Reg. 367/11 to provide a framework for a Portable Housing Benefit (PHB). The concept of a PHB as a valuable tool could provide tenants greater choice and give Service Managers greater flexibility in meeting the diverse needs of the community. The PHB would be Service Manager funded. This fund could provide more timely access to housing, provide incentives to earn income, relieve pressure on existing RGI stock, reduce wait lists, and allow for mixed income communities that address unique local needs. Service Managers have found that when a benefit is tied to a tenant instead of a unit, tenants have more choice and landlords are more likely to better maintain their properties to attract and retain tenants. A portable housing benefit may assist tenants avoid unnecessary moves, allowing them to stay in their communities, close to family and places familiar to them.	an opportunity to add or update their file from anywhere anytime. Options for a new Document Library will be explored as materials are currently housed in Lotus Notes. These documents are accessed by Housing Providers and informs them of such things as legislative changes, local rules and forms. Housing Services will maintain contact with both Provincial and Federal governments to ensure the community is apprised of all future program and funding opportunities. On March 24, 2020 the City adopted the Affordable Housing Land Banking Strategy. The strategy includes a framework for evaluating municipal land suitable for the development of affordable housing in conjunction with the Affordable Housing Community Improvement Plan. Where appropriate, properties in the Affordable Housing Land Bank may require preparation for future use including, demolition of existing structures or Planning Act applications

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
			Housing Services will maintain contact with both Provincial and Federal governments to ensure the community is apprised of all future program and funding opportunities.	
			The Health and Housing Working Group will undertake a review of surplus municipal land	
			and develop a land banking strategy which aligns with the outcomes of the Social	
			Housing Revitalization Plan and the updated Housing and Homelessness Plan.	
3	There is a need to	Ensure emergency	A consultant was retained in May 2018 to	Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing's
	strengthen approaches to prevent	accommodation is available when needed,	complete a review of the emergency shelter system in Greater Sudbury. The goal of the	approval for Phase II of Home for Good to allow the proponent to move forward with
	homelessness, increase	but focus on transitioning	program review is to receive	the project.
	the diversity of	to permanent housing.	recommendations towards establishing a	
	emergency shelter		modernized shelter system with equitable	Renovations at 200 Larch street are expected
	options and support	Address the needs of the	funding models and core service levels that	to be completed in 2020 with a location for
	individuals with multiple	most vulnerable	fits well with other community services within	the 15 bed residential Harm Reduction Home
	barriers in obtaining and maintaining their	populations of homeless.	a Housing First integrated system approach to addressing homelessness. A final report	and a 35 bed out of the cold low barrier shelter operated by Canadian Mental Health
	housing.	Stop discharging people	with recommendations was brought to	Association, as well as a downtown Sudbury
	3	into homelessness from	Council in March 2019. Following this,	Nurse Practitioner Clinic.
		key points of contact like	changes will be implemented to the	
		hospitals and corrections.	emergency shelter system in line with the approved recommendations.	A Coordinated Access System is in development with community partners to
		Address the need for		establish a process which will prioritize and
		additional education and	Construction started in 2018 on 200 Larch St	support people experiencing homelessness
		awareness of community	with funding from the Provincial Home for	to be connected to the appropriate type of
		housing providers and	Good Funding with an anticipated opening	housing with support.
		landlords of available crisis	date of November 2019. Once completed the	
		services and supports for	building will provide a 15 bed residential Harm	

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
#	Priority	tenants with special needs. Promote Client Centred, Coordinated access to housing and homelessness prevention services.	 Completed in 2019 Reduction home, a permanent location for Off the Street Shelter, and a nurse practitioner led clinic. In 2019 with support of funding received from the Provincial Community Homelessness Prevention Initiative (CHPI): 364 households who were homeless moved to permanent housing. 215 households moved from emergency shelter to long term housing. 1,191 households who were at risk of homelessness remained housed. An Emergency Shelter Evaluation Report was completed and presented to Council in March 2019. The report provided recommendations for improving the emergency shelter system including: Right sizing the shelter system with options for re-profiling based on various scenarios and implementing an equitable funding model Developing a diversion program Developing core shelter standards, including a low barrier and housing focused 	Planned for 2020

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
			Implementing a coordinated access system	
			The Off the Street law barrier emergency shelter	
			The Off the Street low barrier emergency shelter	
			Program continued to provide shelter for	
			persons who were homeless. Construction	
			continued on 200 Larch St with funding from the	
			Provincial Home for Good Funding. The Off the	
			Street shelter opened at the renovated	
			location in November 2019. In line with the	
			recommendation report the shelter moved to a	
			housing focused model and effective	
			November 2019 will operate 12 months of the	
			year.	
			J san	
			The Canadian Mental Health Association	
			continues to operate the Harm Reduction	
			Home, now a 24 hour model, for alcohol	
			dependent individuals who are homeless or at	
			risk of homelessness and offers access to	
			meals, primary care, skills development, social	
			supports and a managed alcohol program. In	
			2019, 14 people received support through this program.	
4	There is a need for	Ensure the supports are	The Housing First Program, operated by the	The Ontario Aboriginal Housing Services will
•	additional supportive	available for individuals to	Homelessness Network, provides ongoing case	add services in Sudbury through their
	services coupled with	achieve and maintain	management supports to people who have	Indigenous Supportive Housing Program,
	permanent housing	housing stability.	experienced chronic homelessness and require	which includes a housing allowance and
	(both supportive		additional supports to maintain housing,	housing case management support.
	housing and supports in	Ensure adequate	including access to affordable housing. In 2019	
	private homes).	permanent housing linked	there were 79 people housed and supported	
		with supports.	through the Housing First program. As well,	
			through the Provincial Home For Good funding,	

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
		Reduce barriers to accessing housing, services and supports.	27 people who are participating in the Housing First program were also provided with a Housing Allowance. Several housing programs linked with supports operate in the community. In 2019, 435 individuals were assisted through supportive housing operated by the Canadian Mental Health Association and Monarch Recovery Services.	
5	There is a need to improve co-ordination, collaboration and partnerships among a broad range of stakeholders.	Improve effectiveness of the local housing system by increasing coordination, collaboration and partnerships among a broad range of stakeholders involved in housing.	A Housing First Steering committee continues to meet to provide leadership towards an integrated system of support under the Housing First Model. Representation from a broad range of stakeholders is participating on the committee. The City partnered with Indigenous and community agencies to plan to participate in the 2020 Coordinated Point in Time Homelessness Enumeration, which has now been postponed in spring 2021.	The City will meet with community stakeholders to develop a collaborative plan for providing services to vulnerable and homeless youth in the community. The City, with community partners within the homelessness serving sector, will continue development of a Coordinated Access System and onboard a new web based data base called Homeless Individuals and Families Information System (HIFIS 4.0) which will provide better access to community wide data and reporting.
6	There is a need for an Indigenous Housing and Homelessness Strategy in the community	In accordance with Indigenous treaty rights in Canada and the calls to action of the truth and reconciliation commission, partner with the Native People of Sudbury Development	A working group, the Greater Sudbury Indigenous Sacred Circle, was established with representatives from NPSDC and Indigenous social services providers in the City. NPSDC attended two working group meetings towards the develop an Indigenous Housing and Homelessness Strategy for Greater Sudbury.	Continue to participate in Indigenous working group meetings towards the finalization of an Indigenous Housing and Homelessness Strategy for Greater Sudbury. Work with research community to identify the present gaps in services to Indigenous people in Sudbury that contribute to Indigenous homelessness.

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
		Corporation (NPSDC) and Indigenous social service providers across a diversity of sectors to develop an Indigenous housing policy and a more inclusive housing and homelessness plan for the City. Develop ongoing cultural education and training for housing and homelessness service providers that document effective strategies for working with Indigenous peoples		Develop and deliver cultural education and training for housing and homelessness service providers that document effective strategies for working with Indigenous peoples. Establish a working group with representatives from NPSDC and Indigenous social services providers in the City to collaboratively plan and develop an Indigenous Housing and Homelessness Strategy for Greater Sudbury. Identify the present gaps in services to Indigenous people in Sudbury that contribute to Indigenous homelessness.
7	There is a need to monitor and report on progress towards meeting the Housing and Homelessness Plan objectives and targets.	Monitor, analyze and respond to information about the local housing and homelessness situation	City of Greater Sudbury Social Services is participating in Municipal Benchmarking Network of Canada and is reporting on Emergency Hostels measures and Housing Services measures. Under Emergency Hostels, social services is reporting on: • the average length of stay per admission to an emergency shelter • the average number of emergency shelter beds available per 100,000 population • Average nightly bed occupancy rate of emergency shelters	The 2019 Report Card on Homelessness will be released publically in summer 2020. The City, with community partners within the homelessness serving sector, will continue development of a Coordinated Access System and onboard a new web based data base called Homeless Individuals and Families Information System (HIFIS 4.0) which will provide better access to community wide data and reporting. Implementing the updated Housing and Homelessness Plan with the seven (7) Priorities

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
#	Priority	Objectives	 Completed in 2019 Operating cost of emergency shelter program per 100,000 population Housing Services is reporting on: 504 people were placed annually from the Community Housing Registry Wait List The number of community housing units per 1,000 households was \$58.36 the community housing administration operating cost per community housing unit was \$312.86 the community housing operating cost 	that was endorsed by Council and approved by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing. Housing Services is reporting on: the number of persons who were placed annually from the Community Housing Registry Wait List the number of community housing units per 1,000 households the community housing administration operating cost per community housing
			 (administration) was \$6,425.72 the total number of households receiving housing allowance was 63 the total number of rent supplement units within the service area was 653 The 2018 Report card on Homelessness was	 unit the community housing operating cost (administration) the total number of households receiving housing allowance the total number of rent supplement units within the service area
			released publically in July 2019. CGS receives funding through the Provincial Community Homelessness Prevention Initiative (CHPI) and Federal Homelessness Partnering Strategy (HPS) and reports back to both levels of government on the required measures. The goals of these funding agreements are aligned with the priorities identified in the Plan.	
			The City of Greater Sudbury entered into a new five-year funding agreement with the Federal Government under their new Reaching Home: federal Homelessness	

#	Priority	Objectives	Completed in 2019	Planned for 2020
			Funding program. Under this agreement there	
			are requirements that all communities have a	
			coordinated access system in place by 2022.	
			This coordinated access system will provide a	
			better opportunity to monitor the homelessness	
			system and report on progress.	