Business Cases for Service Level Reductions - 3.5% to 2.5%	2018 Budget Impact
Reduction in Summer Asphalt Patching	(200,000)
Reduction to Roads Fleet (One Grader)	(53,563)
Increase Parking Meter Rates	(400,000)
Adjust the NDCA Budget to 3.5% increase	(169,131)
Adjust the Police Budget to 3.5% increase	(213,370)
Adjust the GSHC Budget to 3.5% increase	(520,133)
Business Process Analysis	(500,000)
Salary Gapping	(500,000)
	(2,556,197)

		Bu	siness Case	e f	or Servi	ce Level Ch	ange						
Requ	est/Project Name: La	arge Spread	der Laid Patches										
	Department: Gr	rowth & In	frastructure			Division: Roads and	d Transportation						
	cutive Summary rview of Proposal												
thro is, th mon	The contracted portion of the mill & pave program (Large Spreader Laid Patches) is utilized to remove dips, cracks and potholed areas on paved roads throughout the City. Together with the severity of a given winter season, this program is indirectly proportional to winter pothole patching costs. Tha is, the more money spent to mill & pave poor sections of pavement in the summer results in less pothole patching, at that location, during the winter months. In 2017, one time funding was approved in the amount of \$2,000,000 to improve the mill & pave program. This 2018 business case proposes a \$200,000 reduction to the current base service level.												
Serv	ice Level Impact												
an ir	nevitably high overal	ll annual m		ker p	ublic opinion on tl	yield a larger pothole patch ne state of our roads. Redu nothole related claims.							
	ckground ent Service Level (D	escribe th	e existing level of service p	orovi	ded)								
	Service Name		Service Description (What i		•	vice)							
Lar	ge Spreader Laid Patc	hes	The operating budget for that cannot be completed			702,090. This budget is utilize	ed to contract Larg	e Spreader Laid Patches					
Driv	ers for Proposed Co	ourse of Ac	tion										
	ecommendation gorize your specific	request (ı	mark an 'X' for all that ap	ply):									
х	Change to base oper	rating budge	et		Change to base FT	E allocation							
	Change to fees (unit	price)			Change to revenue	es (volume change)							

# Investment in Project Recommendation (How/Why)

A decrease to the service level is not recommended due to the potential negative financial impacts from pothole patching during winter, an increase in pothole related claims, and the decline of public opinion on the subject.

As outlined in the 2012 KPMG Roads Financial Plan, the City is already currently underfunding roads' operations.

## How does this align with Council's Strategic Plan?

The decrease in service level would oppose two of the performance metrics identified in the 2015-2018 strategic plan; to have better roads and increased Citizen satisfaction.

### IV. Impact Analysis

## **Qualitative Implications**

As a result of this decreased service level, traffic interruptions and poor ride quality could increase.

## **Quantifiable Implications - Revenue & Expenditures**

The reduction in service levels would result in a savings of \$200,000 that would directly impact the tax levy.

### **Operating Revenues - Incremental**

### Detail

Description	Duration	Revenue Source		2018 \$		2019 \$		2020 \$	2021 \$		2022 \$	
On-Going				\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	One-Time			\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total				\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

## Operating Expenditures - Incremental

#### Detail

Description	Duration	Funding Source			2018 \$		2019 \$		020 \$	2021 \$		202	2 \$
Asphalt Patching Contracts	On-Going	On-Going Tax Levy		\$	(200,000)								
	On-Going			\$	(200,000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	One-Time		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total					(200,000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

## **FTE Table**

Position	Bargaining Unit	Duration	Full Time / Part Time	2018 (FTE)	2019 (FTE)	2020 (FTE)	2021 (FTE)	2022 (FTE)
		Full Time		-	-	-	-	-
		Part Time		-	-	-	-	-

Net Impact		2018\$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$
On-Going	\$	(200,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
One-Time	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$	(200,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

### **Implementation** (Likelihood; list any assumptions, constraints)

The Large Spreader Laid Patches contract is a well established program at the City. The contract is tendered annually for summer work. The scope of the contract can be reduced to reflect the approved service level.

## **Consequences** (What would be the negative results or drawbacks)

The potential results of lowering the service level for this program would be decreased ride quality and lowered public opinion of roads, increase in winter pothole patching program, increase in pothole related claims, and an increase in overall life cycle costs of the road asset.

#### **Dependencies/Synergies** (Does the proposal depend on any other projects)

The service level decrease of this program may result in a corresponding increase on the winter pothole patching program.

### Capacity Impacts (Is there enough capacity? Are other departments impacted?)

There are no capacity impacts related to this option as the scope of contracted work would decrease a portion of the contract.

#### V. Alternatives

### **Alternatives Considered**

Solution Options	Operating Changes	Revenue Changes	Advantages/ Disadvantages

#### VI. Risks

Risks (What are the risks of not implementing this change?)

Continued deterioration of the arterial road network is expected if the Large Spreader Laid Patches program is decreased.

## **Business Case for Service Level Change**

Request/Project Name:	Reduction to Roads Fleet (One Grader)		
Department:	Growth & Infrastructure	Division:	Roads and Transportation

### I. Executive Summary

#### **Overview of Proposal**

The Roads' graders perform multiple tasks including gravel grading and resurfacing activities for gravel roads and gravel shoulders, as well as snow plowing with a wing attachment. The current grader fleet is comprised of six units including unit S355, a 1989 Champion grader. The proposed business case recommends retiring this unit and maintaining current service levels using the existing fleet.

#### **Service Level Impact**

The current service levels will not be affected as there is capacity with the remaining five units to perform the current council approved service levels.

## II. Background

Current Service Level (Describe the existing level of service provided)

Service Name	Service Description (What is the current level of service)
Hard Top Surface Maintenance	Surface treatment preperation, gravel grading - shoulders, gravel shouldering
Loose Top Surface Maintenance	Gravel resurfacing, gravel grading
Snow Plowing	Grader mounted plowing

#### **Drivers for Proposed Course of Action**

The recommended course of action would realize a cost savings to the City while maintaining the current service level.

#### III. Recommendation

Categorize your specific request (mark an 'X' for all that apply):

X	Change to base operating budget	Change to base FTE allocation
Change to fees (unit price)		Change to revenues (volume change)
	Investment in Project	

#### Recommendation (How/Why)

It is recommended to reduce the Roads' grader fleet and retire unit S355 (1989 Champion grader).

#### **Urgency**

The grader is currently in a state of requiring repairs. It is recommended to retire the unit prior to repairing.

## How does this align with Council's Strategic Plan?

Reducing the current service level will assist with enhancing two of the four council approved priorities; being Fiscally Prudent and while maintaining Sustainable Infrastructure.

## **IV. Impact Analysis**

## **Qualitative Implications**

As a result of this decreased service level, traffic interruptions and poor ride quality could increase.

## **Quantifiable Implications - Revenue & Expenditures**

The reduction in fleet would realize savings of approximately \$54,000 from maintenance and fuel.

#### **Operating Revenues - Incremental**

#### Detail

Description	Duration	Revenue Source	201	8\$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$
	On-Going		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	One-Time		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total			\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

## Operating Expenditures - Incremental

### Detail

Description	Duration	Funding Source		2018\$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$
Equip Credits - Direct	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ 53,384				
Contribution to Reserve	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (13,346)				
Fleet Parts	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (40,038)				
Surface Treatment Perparation	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (759)				
Gravel Resurfacing	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (1,688)				
Gravel Grading - Shoulders	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (9,553)				
Gravel Grading	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (20,076)				
Gravel Shouldering	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (5,473)				
Grader Mounted Plow	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (16,014)				
Fuel Costs	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (179)				
Fleet Charge - Summer	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (37,549)				
Fleet Charge - Winter	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ (16,014)				
Roads Summer Fleet	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ 37,728				
Roads Winter Fleet	On-Going	Tax Levy		\$ 16,014				
	On-Going			\$ (53,563)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	One-Time			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	Total					\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

### FTE Table

Position	Position Bargaining Duration Unit		Full Time / Part Time	2018 (FTE)	2019 (FTE)	2020 (FTE)	2021 (FTE)	2022 (FTE)
		Full Time		-	-	-	-	-
	Part Time		-	-	-	-	-	

Net Impact		2018 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$
On-Going	\$	(53,563)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
One-Time	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$	(53,563)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Implementation (Likelihood: list any assumptions, constraints
---

With approval of this business case, the unit would be sold at auction and if unsuccesful, would be sold as scrap.

### **Consequences** (What would be the negative results or drawbacks)

Retiring one grader would increase reliance on existing equipment which could result in additional servicing and potentially a more frequent replacement cycle. Furthermore, should another unit require repairs there would be limited opportunity to use a spare.

## **Dependencies/Synergies** (Does the proposal depend on any other projects)

N/A

### **Capacity Impacts** (Is there enough capacity? Are other departments impacted?)

Should council approve this business case, the reduction of fleet would lessen the impact on all support services departments such as the Finance, Assets and Fleet Department.

#### V. Alternatives

#### **Alternatives Considered**

Solution Options	Operating Changes	Revenue Changes	Advantages/ Disadvantages

#### VI. Risks

Risks (What are the risks of not implementing this change?)

Should the unit not be retired, there would be less burden on existing equipment and more opportunity for a spare should an existing grader break down.

	Business Case for Service Level Change											
Reque	est/Project Name:	Increase Pa	king Meter Rates									
	Department:	Corporate S	ervices		Division: Parking							
	cutive Summar											
hour mon for a Parki	The City has 438 single space meters in the downtown core. The on-street meters are intended to service short stay hourly customers. The cost of hourly parking is \$1.30 per hour, 2-hour maximum with the exception of Elm Street at \$2.00 per hour with a 1-hour maximum. While it is difficult to monitor and obtain accurate data, there are concerns that the time allotted maximums are being exceeded and some on street parking is being used for all day parking. All day parking is more suited to a monthly pass in an off-street lot and on-street parking left available for short stay customers. Parking rates for private sector lots are comparable for monthly stays. However, private sector parking is approximately 50% higher than public lots on an hourly basis. This option seeks to price on street parking at a rate that reflects its convenience relative to alternatives and to assist in diverting demand for these spaces from long-term use to a emphasis on shorter stays.  Service Level Impact											
Serv	Service Level Impact											
N/A	N/A											
	. Background  Current Service Level (Describe the existing level of service provided)  Service Name  Service Description (What is the current level of service)											
Drive	ers for Proposed	Course of A	tion									
		•	urrently exists relative to the ground to the ground to more short-term stays.	•	o divert demand for long-term stays from metered parking to							
_	commendatio		. 646 11.1									
Cate	Change to base on	-	mark an 'X' for all that appet	Change to base FT	E allocation							
x												
	Investment in Pro				<del>_</del> ·							
Reco	ommendation (Ho	ow/Why)										
	Reduce the parking subsidy that currently exists relative to the private sector and to divert demand for long-term stays from metered parking to parking lots. The proposed fee for parking will increase from \$1.30 to \$2.50. This will avail parking to more short-term stays.											

## How does this align with Council's Strategic Plan?

It is fiscally prudent to have users of a service, pay for that service as opposed to being subsidized by the taxpayer.

## IV. Impact Analysis

## **Qualitative Implications**

### **Quantifiable Implications - Revenue & Expenditures**

Increase in revenues of approximately \$400,000 annually.

## Operating Revenues - Incremental

#### Detail

Description Duration Revenue Source				2018 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022	2 \$
Parking Meter Collections On-Going User Fees				\$ (400,000)					
On-Going				\$ (400,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
One-Time				\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Total		\$ (400,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-		

## Operating Expenditures - Incremental

### Detail

Description	Duration Funding Source			2018 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$
	On-Going			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
On-Going One-Time				\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

### FTE Table

Position	Position Bargaining Unit		Full Time / Part Time	2018 (FTE)	2019 (FTE)	2020 (FTE)	2021 (FTE)	2022 (FTE)
		Full Time		-	-	-	-	-
		Part Time		-	-	-	-	-

Net Impact	2018 \$		2019 \$		2020 \$		2021 \$		2022 \$	
On-Going	\$	(400,000)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
One-Time	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total	\$	(400,000)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

Implementation (Likelihood; list	any assumptions, constrain	ts)								
N/A										
Consequences (What would be the negative results or drawbacks)										
There may be public dismay and concern from the Councillors.										
Dependencies/Synergies (Does the proposal depend on any other projects)										
N/A										
Capacity Impacts (Is there enoug	h capacity? Are other depa	rtments impacted?)								
N/A										
V. Alternatives Alternatives Considered										
Solution Options	Operating Changes	Revenue Changes	Advantages/ Disadvantages							
/I. Risks										
Risks (What are the risks of not implementing this change?)										
Risk is that Council decides against it and that the City continues to subsidize parking.										

	Business Case for Service Level Change												
Req	uest/Project Name:	Request ND	CA to modify budget to a 3	3.5% i	increase								
	Department:				Division:								
	ecutive Summai erview of Proposal												
bus	Based on the Finance and Administration Committees direction to request that Service Partners consider the budget direction given to staff, this business case proposes that a request is presented to Nickel District Conservation Authority (NDCA) limiting their annual allocation to a 3.5% increase over the 2017 approved allocation.												
Ser	Service Level Impact												
	The NDCA has requested an increase of 27% to their budget allocation in order to take on new initiatives. NDCA has requested this increase to right-size their core capacity and address deficiencies identified in their Strategic Plan for 2017-2021.												
	I. Background Current Service Level (Describe the existing level of service provided)												
	Service Nam	1е	Service Description (What is	s the	current level of service)								
Fi	unding for NDCA		The current level of service	e is a <sub>l</sub>	proposed 2018 allocation of \$867,000, an increase of \$184,000 from the 2017 alloc	ation.							
Dri	vers for Proposed	Course of Ac	tion										
The		posed course	e of action is the Finance a	nd Ac	dministration Committee's direction to provide service level changes to redu	ce the							
	ecommendation tegorize your speci		mark an 'X' for all that ap <sub>l</sub>	oly):									
х	X Change to base operating budget Change to base FTE allocation												
	Change to fees (ui	Change to revenues (volume change)											
	Investment in Pro	ject											
Re	commendation (Ho	ow/Why)											
If a	pproved, it is recor	mmended th	at Council request the cha	nge t	to NDCA.								

The proposed option is in response to the request for a reduced taxation levy.

## How does this align with Council's Strategic Plan?

This aligns with Councils direction for a responsive, fiscally prudent, open governance.

## IV. Impact Analysis

## **Qualitative Implications**

By limiting the proposed increase, the Committee is ensuring that the Municipal budget along with the service partners are remaining consistent and fiscally prudent.

## Quantifiable Implications - Revenue & Expenditures

The impact of limiting the allocation to the NDCA to a 3.5% increase over the 2017 operating budget allocation is a reduction in the 2018 base budget of \$169,131 which represents a 0.07% tax levy impact.

#### Operating Revenues - Incremental

#### Detail

Description	Duration	Revenue Source		2018 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$		2021 \$		2022 \$	
	On-Going			\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
One-Time				\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total	Total			\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

## Operating Expenditures - Incremental

## Detail

Description	Duration	Funding Source		2018\$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022	\$
NDCA Allocation	On-Going		\$	(169,131)					
	On-Going		\$	(169,131)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	One-Time		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Total			\$	(169,131)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-

## FTE Table

Position	Bargaining Unit	Duration	Full Time / Part Time	2018 (FTE)	2019 (FTE)	2020 (FTE)	2021 (FTE)	2022 (FTE)
		Full Time		-	-	-	-	-
		Part Time		-	-	-	-	-

Net Impact		2018 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$		
On-Going	\$	(169,131)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
One-Time	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Total	\$	(169,131)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	

Implementation (Likelihood; list any assumptions, constraints)													
If approved, there are no constrai	nts to the implementation	of this business case.											
Consequences (What would be th	e negative results or drawk	backs)											
The consequences are that the NE	The consequences are that the NDCA will not have the ability to address deficiencies or provide needed services to residents of the watershed.												
Dependencies/Synergies (Does the proposal depend on any other projects)													
N/A													
Capacity Impacts (Is there enough	capacity? Are other depar	rtments impacted?)											
N/A	,	, ,											
V. Alternatives													
Alternatives Considered													
Solution Options	Operating Changes	Revenue Changes	Advantages/ Disadvantages										
VI. Risks Risks (What are the risks of not i	I. Risks Risks (What are the risks of not implementing this change?)												
The risk of not approving the busin	ness case is a taxation levy	above 2.5%.											

		Bu	siness Case	for Ser	vice Level	Change							
Rec	uest/Project Name:	Request GS	PS to modify budget to a 3	.5% increase									
	Department:				Division:								
	ecutive Summa verview of Proposa												
bu		es that that a	request is presented to G	•		der the budget direction given to staff, this ting their annual allocation to a 3.5% incre							
Se	rvice Level Impact												
Th	The GSPS has requested a 3.9% increase to their budget allocation for maintaining operations.												
	ackground rrent Service Level	(Describe th	e existing level of service p	provided)									
	Service Nan	ne	Service Description (What is	s the current level o	service)								
F	Service Name Service Description (What is the current level of service)  The current level of service is a proposed 2018 allocation of \$57.8 Million, an increase of approximately \$2.2 million from the 2017 allocation.												
Dr	ivers for Proposed	Course of A	ction										
	e driver for the pro dget to a 2.5% taxa	•		nd Administration	Committee's direction t	to provide service level changes to reduce	the						
	Recommendatio tegorize your speci		mark an 'X' for all that ap <sub>l</sub>	oly):									
Х	X Change to base operating budget Change to base FTE allocation												
	Change to fees (unit price)  Change to revenues (volume change)												
	Investment in Pro	ject											
Re	Recommendation (How/Why)												
If a	approved, it is reco	mmended th	at Council request the cha	nge to GSPS.									

The proposed option is in response to the request for a reduced taxation levy.

## How does this align with Council's Strategic Plan?

This aligns with Councils direction for a responsive, fiscally prudent, open governance.

## IV. Impact Analysis

## **Qualitative Implications**

By limiting the proposed increase, the Committee is ensuring that the Municipal budget along with the service partners are remaining consistent and fiscally prudent.

## **Quantifiable Implications - Revenue & Expenditures**

The impact of limiting the allocation to the GSPS to a 3.5% increase over the 2017 operating budget allocation is a reduction in the 2018 base budget of \$213,370 which represents a 0.09% tax levy impact.

## **Operating Revenues - Incremental**

#### Detail

Description	Duration	Duration Revenue Source		2018 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	:	2022 \$
	On-Going			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	One-Time			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Total				\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-

## Operating Expenditures - Incremental

#### Detail

Description	Duration	Funding Source		2018 \$	2019 \$		202	D \$	20	021 \$	2022	\$
GSPS Allocation	On-Going		\$	(213,370)								
	On-Going		\$	(213,370)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	One-Time		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total			\$	(213,370)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

## **FTE Table**

Position	Bargaining Unit	Duration	Full Time / Part Time	2018 (FTE)	2019 (FTE)	2020 (FTE)	2021 (FTE)	2022 (FTE)
		Full Time		-	-	-	-	-
	Part Time			-	-	-	-	-

Net Impact		2018\$	2019 \$		2020 \$		2021 \$	2022 \$		
On-Going	\$	(213,370)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
One-Time	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Total	\$	(213,370)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	

Landon antakina (Libelih and List and		4-1											
Implementation (Likelihood; list any	y assumptions, constrain	ts)											
If approved, there are no constraint	ts to the implementation	of this business case.											
Consequences (What would be the	negative results or drawl	backs)											
The consequences are that the GSPS must review their proposed budget for potential reductions.													
Dependencies/Synergies (Does the proposal depend on any other projects)													
N/A													
Capacity Impacts (Is there enough o	Capacity Impacts (Is there enough capacity? Are other departments impacted?)												
N/A													
V. Alternatives													
Alternatives Considered													
Solution Options	Operating Changes	Revenue Changes	Advantages/ Disadvantages										
VI. Risks													
Risks (What are the risks of not im	Risks (What are the risks of not implementing this change?)												
The risk of not approving the busine	ess case is a taxation levy	above 2.5%.											

		Bu	siness Case	fc	or Servi	ce L	.eve	l Cha	nge	)			
Requ	est/Project Name:	Request GSI	HC to modify budget to a 3	.5% i	ncrease								
	Department:					ı	Division:						
	cutive Summar												
busii	Based on the Finance and Administration Committees direction to request that Service Partners consider the budget direction given to staff, this business case proposes that that a request is presented to Greater Sudbury Housing Corporation (GSHC) limiting their annual allocation to a 3.5% increase over the 2017 approved allocation.												
Serv	Service Level Impact												
The	The GSHC budget to the City represents a 9.6% increase over the 2017 actuals to their budget allocation for maintaining operations.												
	. Background Current Service Level (Describe the existing level of service provided)												
	Service Nam	ne	Service Description (What is	the (	current level of ser	vice)							
Fur	nding for GSHC		The current level of service the 2017 allocation.	e is a <sub>l</sub>	proposed 2018 allo	cation of	\$9.4 Milli	on, an incre	ase of app	oroximat	ely \$0.8 m	nillion from	
Driv	ers for Proposed	Course of Ac	tion										
	driver for the propert to a 2.5% taxa	•	e of action is the Finance arease for 2018.	nd Ac	dministration Com	ımittee's	s directio	n to provid	e service	level ch	nanges to	reduce the	
_	II. Recommendation Categorize your specific request (mark an 'X' for all that apply):												
х													
	Change to fees (ur	nit price)			Change to revenue	s (volum	ie change)	)					
	Investment in Pro	ject											
Reco	Recommendation (How/Why)												
If ap	proved, it is recor	nmended th	at the Committee request	the c	hange to GSHC.								

The proposed option is in response to the request for a reduced taxation levy.

### How does this align with Council's Strategic Plan?

This aligns with Councils direction for a responsive, fiscally prudent, open governance.

### **IV. Impact Analysis**

## **Qualitative Implications**

By limiting the proposed increase, the Committee is ensuring that the Municipal budget along with the service partners are remaining consistent and fiscally prudent.

#### **Quantifiable Implications - Revenue & Expenditures**

The impact of limiting the allocation to the GSHC to a 3.5% increase over the 2017 operating budget allocation is a reduction in the 2018 base budget of \$520,133 which represents a 0.2% tax levy impact.

### Operating Revenues - Incremental

#### Detail

Description	Duration	Revenue Source	2018	\$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2	022 \$
	On-Going		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	One-Time		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Total			\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-

#### Operating Expenditures - Incremental

#### Detail

Description	Duration	Funding Source		2018 \$	20	019 \$	2020 \$	2	2021 \$	202	2 \$
GHSC Allocation	On-Going		\$	(520,133)							
	On-Going		\$	(520,133)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	One-Time		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Total			\$	(520,133)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

#### **FTE Table**

Position	Bargaining Unit	Duration	Full Time / Part Time	2018 (FTE)	2019 (FTE)	2020 (FTE)	2021 (FTE)	2022 (FTE)
		Full Time		-	-	-	-	-
		Part Time		-	-	-	-	- '

Net Impact	2018\$		2019 \$		2020 \$	2021 \$		2022 \$	
On-Going	\$	(520,133)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
One-Time	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Total	\$	(520,133)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

Implementation (Likelihood; list any	v assumptions, constraint	ts)								
f approved, there are no constraints to the implementation of this business case.										
Consequences (What would be the negative results or drawbacks)										
the consequences are that the GSHC must review their proposed budget for potential reductions.										
Dependencies/Synergies (Does the	Dependencies/Synergies (Does the proposal depend on any other projects)									
/A										
Capacity Impacts (Is there enough capacity? Are other departments impacted?)										
N/A										
/. Alternatives Alternatives Considered										
Solution Options	Operating Changes	Revenue Changes	Advantages/ Disadvantages							
Risks (What are the risks of not implementing this change?)										
	The risk of not approving the business case is a taxation levy above 2.5%.									

	l	Business Case	e f	or Service Level Change					
Reque	est/Project Name: Busine	ess Process Analysis							
	Department: Office	of the CAO		Division:					
	cutive Summary								
chan	•	ork processes that reduce the co		riate training and organizational experience, conduct analysis and develop plans for oration's net 2018 costs by \$500,000. The focus of the analysis would be on changes					
Serv	ice Level Impact								
work requ signi notic	staff selected for undertaking this work normally perform routine analytical tasks and business support functions. Assigning them to complete this work involves up to three months per person of dedicated time within the first two quarters, followed by implementation timelines to produce the equired net cost reductions through the remaineder of 2018. This means regular work associated with business support would be put on hold or ignificantly reduced and other projects that do not produce net cost reductions in 2018 would be delayed. The effect of these assignments could be noticed through increased cycle times for responding to requests for information that involve more complex analysis, or reduced levels of information or decision support on other matters that are not related to this work.								
	<b>ckground</b> <b>ent Service Level</b> (Descri	ibe the existing level of service p	rovi	ided)					
	Service Name	Service Description (What is	s the	current level of service)					
				natic approach for analyzing policies and work processes that lead to net cost reductions. This porary basis, creating a new systematic approach for identifying such opportunities.					
Drive	ers for Proposed Course	of Action							
diffic segn adjus	Despite its place among the lowest-cost cities in the province, the City of Greater Sudbury has an annual challenge when preparing its budget. It is difficult to properly match projected revenues, service level expectations and the cost of providing service. All services seem valuable to some segment of our community, so reductions in any particular area are met with resistance. Opportunities to review the approach for delivering service, adjust the policies that drive service levels or the way work gets done have always been something that managers want to find but the resources to undertake the work have generally not been available. Changes to Winter Control services and Arena services have been discussed for several years. Staff believe the analysis required to develop net cost savings in 2018 could be produced if the work focused on these two service areas.								
_	commendation	uest (mark an 'X' for all that ap	alv).						
	Change to base operating		11.	Change to base FTE allocation					
	Change to fees (unit price	e)		Change to revenues (volume change)					

## Investment in Project Recommendation (How/Why)

This proposal supports Council's goal of achieving a 2.5% change in taxation over 2017 levels. It anticipates reassigning available staff resources, taking them away from their regular work, for a limited period in 2018. Both proposed service areas (ie Winter Control and Arenas) have been previously studied and consume significant resources in their current form. Focused, dedicated analytical effort by staff could produce changes that lead to service level changes and cost reductions in 2018.

Staff do not recommend approval of this business case unless it is Council's wish to achieve a 2.5% change in taxation over 2017 levels.

### How does this align with Council's Strategic Plan?

This is an operational matter with no direct relationship to the Strategic Plan.

### **IV. Impact Analysis**

## **Qualitative Implications**

There will be a disruption to normal business processes while the assigned staff complete this project. The specific types and extent of the disruptions cannot be identified at this time, but will generally take the form of longer cycle times to respond to inquiries where more complex analysis is required, delays in projects that do not produce net cost reductions in 2018 and reduced levels of information for decision support. Conversely, if successful, the results of the project will reduce net costs by \$500,000.

### **Quantifiable Implications - Revenue & Expenditures**

The project will reduce net costs by \$500,000. This can be either new revenues, cost reductions, or some combination of revenues and cost reductions.

### Operating Revenues - Incremental

#### Detail

Description	Duration	Revenue Source	2018	\$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2	021 \$	2022	:\$
	On-Going		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	One-Time		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Total			\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

#### Operating Expenditures - Incremental

## Detail

Description	Duration	Funding Source		2018 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2	021 \$	2022	\$
Business Process			\$	(500,000)						
	On-Going One-Time		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	One-Time		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Total			\$	(500,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

## FTE Table

Position	Bargaining Unit	Duration	Full Time / Part Time	2018 (FTE)	2019 (FTE)	2020 (FTE)	2021 (FTE)	2022 (FTE)
		Full Time		-	-	-	-	-
		Part Time		-	-	-	-	-

Net Impact		2018 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$
On-Going	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
One-Time	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

#### **Implementation** (Likelihood; list any assumptions, constraints)

This is a new approach for conducting business process reviews and there is a higher than average risk it will not achieve the \$500,000 net cost reduction goal. Since the changes in process or policy that will produce the cost reductions are unknown until the reviews are complete, there is also a risk that these changes are unacceptable to some stakeholder group and therefore cannot be implemented as intended. It requires clear and regular communication with ELT and updates to Council so that a "no surprises" envioronment is maintained and the analysis achieves its intended outcomes.

### **Consequences** (What would be the negative results or drawbacks)

Current, routine decision support services will be significantly delayed or curtailed while this project is underway.

#### **Dependencies/Synergies** (Does the proposal depend on any other projects)

This project does not depend on any other projects.

#### Capacity Impacts (Is there enough capacity? Are other departments impacted?)

It appears the corporation has staff with the required skills to perform the work. Some training may be required to ensure recommendations are supported by sufficient, appropriate analysis.

#### V. Alternatives

#### **Alternatives Considered**

Solution Options	Operating Changes	Revenue Changes	Advantages/ Disadvantages

#### VI. Risks

Risks (What are the risks of not implementing this change?)

This is a unique approach for conducting business process reviews and there is a higher than average risk it will not achieve the \$500,000 net cost reduction goal. Since the changes in process or policy that will produce the cost reductions are unknown until the reviews are complete, there is also a risk that these changes are unacceptable to some stakeholder group and therefore cannot be implemented as intended.

		<b>Business Case</b>	e for Servi	ce Level Change
Requ	est/Project Name: Salar	y Gapping		
	Department: Corpo	orate Services		Division: Human Resources
	cutive Summary rview of Proposal			
leave go u	es, etc.). This proposal nfilled any dollar amou inue to maximize fundi	would require the creation of a kints gapped would be tracked aga	oudget line in a central inst the salary gapping	ne a position is unfilled after resignations, retirements, unpaid department to house the salary gapping total. As long as vacancies total. Positions not funded by the levy would not be gapped to rograms that must maintain regulated staffing would not be
Serv	ice Level Impact			
from	n temporary agencies a atively or work may be	nd for unforeseen expenses in th delayed. Such a gapping approac	eir department. By en ch would reduce existir	y in the Operating Budget Policy to use gapped funds for personnel forcing a period of gapping, service to the public may be impacted ag flexiblity to deal with unexpected absence/retirements. These support workload as is the case under the Operating Budget Policy.
	ckground ent Service Level (Desc	cribe the existing level of service	orovided)	
	Service Name	Service Description (What i	s the current level of se	rvice)
Driv	ers for Proposed Cours	se of Action		,
	driver for the proposed get to a 2.5% taxation le		nd Administration Cor	nmittee's direction to provide service level changes to reduce the
	commendation gorize your specific rec	quest (mark an 'X' for all that ap	ply):	
х	Change to base operatir	ng budget	Change to base F1	E allocation
	Change to fees (unit prid	ce)	Change to revenu	es (volume change)
	Investment in Project			
Reco	ommendation (How/W	/hy)		
This	proposal supports Cou	ncil's goal of achieving a 2.5% cha	ange in taxation over 2	017 levels.

Staff do not recommend approval of this business case unless it is Council's wish to achieve a 2.5% change in taxation over 2017 levels.

## How does this align with Council's Strategic Plan?

This is an operational matter with no direct relationship to the Strategic Plan.

## IV. Impact Analysis

#### **Qualitative Implications**

The flexibility lost by operating departments to manage to their net operating budget would be lost and more time would be required to report to Council on operational matters. Some planned work may not be acheivable and/or delayed.

## Quantifiable Implications - Revenue & Expenditures

There would be a potential increase in our current under expenditure on labour (as an example the current 2017 projection is \$1.1 million of labour dollars not spent on this expense category) as this process is formalized. We have estimated it to be \$500,000.

### **Operating Revenues - Incremental**

#### Detail

Description	Duration	Revenue Source	2018	\$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$
	On-Going		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	One-Time		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total			\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$

#### Operating Expenditures - Incremental

## Detail

Description	Duration	Funding Source		2018\$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$
Salary Gapping	On-Going		\$	(500,000)				
	On-Going		\$	(500,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	One-Time		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total			\$	(500,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

#### FTE Table

Position	Bargaining Unit	Duration	Full Time / Part Time	2018 (FTE)	2019 (FTE)	2020 (FTE)	2021 (FTE)	2022 (FTE)
		Full Time		-	-	-	-	-
		Part Time		-	-	-	-	-

Net Impact		2018 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$
On-Going	\$	(500,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
One-Time	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$	(500,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

#### Implementation (Likelihood; list any assumptions, constraints)

The new process for tracking salary gapping would require a change in recording vacant positions that has not been performed before. The process would require assistance from the operating department, Human Resources, Payroll, Accounting and Budgets to ensure an appropriate level of accuracy and ensure support from the operating department. There would be also a learning curve as to the process was implemented and business plans developed for minor operational matters.

### **Consequences** (What would be the negative results or drawbacks)

There would be the potential impact on service levels as staff would be required to write business plans for approval that in the past could be performed at the department level.

#### **Dependencies/Synergies** (Does the proposal depend on any other projects)

This would require a change to our current Operating Budget Policy. CBA requirements related to vacancies and minimum staffing levels will also need to be adhered to. This will reduce flexiblity in certain areas disproportionately to other, more highly regulated areas.

Capacity Impacts (Is there enough capacity? Are other departments impacted?
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#### V. Alternatives

#### **Alternatives Considered**

Solution Options	Operating Changes	Revenue Changes	Advantages/ Disadvantages

#### VI. Risks

Risks (What are the risks of not implementing this change?)

With our current projected under expenditure on labour (\$1.1 Million projected under expenditure for 2017) the City is still projecting a deficit so there is no certainty of a positive result in this program.